



Issued Date: JAN. 03rd, 2002 Model No.: <u>M170E4 -L02</u>

Approval

TFT LCD Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: M170E4 -L02

Customer: Associated Industries China,	
<u>Inc.</u>	
Approved by:	
Note:	

Liquid Crystal Display Division						
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REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Section	Description
0.0	Jun., 13, 01'		M170E4-L02 Specifications was first issued.
1.0	Dec., 19, 01'	1.2	Wide viewing angle with biaxial polarizer→wide viewing angle.
		2.1	ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT
			1. Storage Temperature T _{ST} (-20)(Min.)/(+60)(Max.)→-20(Min.)/+60(Max.)
			2. Operating Ambient Temperature Top (+50)(Max.)→+50(Max.)
			3. Note (3) 6ms→11ms
		3.1	TFT LCD MODULE
			Delete Ripple Voltage
			2. Rush Current IR∪SH 1.56 (Typ.)/TBD(Max.)→- (Typ.)/1.8(Max.)
			3. Power Supply Current White 1250(Typ.)/TBD(Max.)→950(Typ.)/1050(Max.)
			4. Power Supply Current Black 760(Typ.)/TBD(Max.)→480(Typ.)/530(Max.)
			5. Power Supply Current Vertical Stripe 1070(Typ.)/TBD(Max.)
			→820(Typ.)/900(Max.)
		3.2	BACKLIGHT UNIT
			1. Lamp Input Voltage 630(Min.)/710(Typ.)/790(Max.)
			→ 605(Min.)/675(Typ.)/745(Max.)
			2. Lamp Current 2.0(Min.)/6.0(Typ.)/6.5(Max.)→ 6(Min.)/12(Typ.)/13(Max.)
			3. Lamp Turn On Voltage 1050(25 ∘ C)(Max.)→1000(25 ∘ C)(Max.)
			4. Lamp Turn On Voltage 1350(0 ∘ C)(Max.) → 1300(0 ∘ C)(Max.)
			5. Power Consumption 19.5(Typ.)→16.2(Typ.)
		6.1	INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS
			1. LVDS Clock Frequency 31(Min.)/79(Max.)→40(Min.)/67.5(Max.)
			2. LVDS Clock Period 12.6(Min.)/32.2(Max.)→14.8(Min.)/25(Max.)
			3. Vertical Active Display Term Frame Rate 85(Max.)→75(Max.)
			Add Note (2).
		7.1	OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS
			1. Revising White Variation: 1.25 (Typ.) & 1.40 (Max) → 1.18 (Typ.) & 1.25
			(Max) & Note (7)
			Revising Color Chromaticity
			3. Adding TCO'99 specifications
			4. Adding Note (9).
			5. Adding Note (10).
		8	Revising PRECAUTIONS → 10. PRECAUTIONS
			Adding PACKAGING
		9	Adding DEFINITION OF LABELS
1.1	Jan.,02,02'	11	Revising outline drawing.
2.0	Jan.,25,02'	3.1	TFT LCD MODULE:
			1. LVDS differential input voltage Vid 100 (Min.)/600 (Max.)→
			-100 (Min.)/+100(Max.)
			2. Power Supply Current White Icc 950 (Typ.)/1050 (Max.)→1000 (Typ.)/1200
			(Max.)



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REVISION HISTORY

		T	REVISION HISTORY
Version	Date	Section	Description
2.0	Jan.,25,02'	3.1	3. Power Supply Current Black lcc 480 (Typ.)/530 (Max.)→540 (Typ.)/800
			(Max.).
			4. Power Supply Current Vertical Stripe lcc 820 (Typ.)/900 (Max.)→
			860 (Typ.)/1050 (Max.).
			5. Rush Current IRUSH 1.8 (Max.)→3.8 (Max.).
			6. Note (3) Add Fc=54MHz.
		6.1	Revising INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS.
2.1	Mar.,26,02'	7.2	Revising OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS
			1. Contrast Ratio CR 350(Min.)→400(Min.)
			2. Response Time Tr. →20(Max.)
			 Response Time T_F → 15(Max.) Viewing Angle Horizontal θ x+/θ x- →80(Min.)
			 5. Viewing Angle Vertical θ y+/θ y- →80(Min.)
		11	Revising MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS
2.2	May, 10, 02'		Display Colors 16M → 16.7M
2.2	Way, 10, 02	8.2	Figure. 8-2 Packing Method
2.3	Jul, 10 th , 02"	5.1	Add connector type FI-X30S-HF (JAE) → FI-X30S-HF (JAE) or equivalent
		11	Revising MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS
3.0	Jan, 3 rd ,03"	ALL	Approval Specification.
		1.5	Adding I/F connector Mounting Position Specification.
		2.1	Adding LCD Cell Life Time Specification.
		2.2	Updated Maximum Lamp Current Specification.
		3.1	Adding f _V = 75Hz Power Supply Current Specification.
		3.2	1. Lamp Input Voltage: 605, 675 & 745 → 616, 685 & 754
			2. Lamp Current: 6, 12 & 13 → 4, 13 & 14
			3. Lamp Turn On Voltage:1000 (25°C) & 1300 (0°C) \rightarrow 1310 (25°C) &1600 (0°C)
			℃)
			4. Operating Frequency: 45 (min) → 40 (min)
			5. Lamp Life Time: 40,000 (min) → 50,000 (min)
			6. Power Consumption: 16.2 (typ) → 17.81 (typ)



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1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

M170E4 -L02 is a 17.0" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with 4 CCFL Backlight unit and 30 pins 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1280 x 1024 SXGA mode and can display 16.7M colors. The inverter module for Backlight is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- Wide viewing angle
- High contrast ratio
- Fast response time
- High color saturation
- SXGA (1280 x 1024 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface

1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD Monitor

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Unit	Note	
Active Area	337.92 (H) x 270.34 (V) (17.0" diagonal)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	342 (H) x 274.5 (V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1280 x R.G.B. x 1024	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.264 (H) x 0.264 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7M	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally black	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (3H), Anti-glare (Haze 25)	-	-

1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

lt	tem	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal(H)	383	383.5	384	mm	
Module Size	Vertical(V)	305.5	306	306.5	mm	(1)
	Depth(D)	-	20	20.5	mm	
Weight		-	2200		g	-

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

(2) Connector mounting position





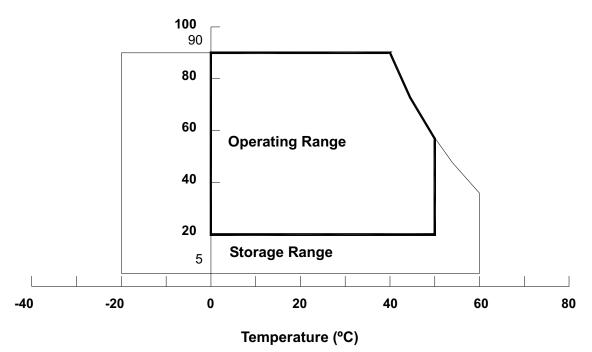
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Va	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	NOLE
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	+60	°C	(1)
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{OP}	0	+50	°C	(1), (2)
Shock (Non-Operating)	S _{NOP}	-	50	G	(3), (5)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V_{NOP}	-	2.0	G	(4), (5)
LCD Cell Life Time	L _{CELL}	50,000	-	Hrs	MTBF based

- Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.
 - (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta \leq 40 °C).
 - (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
 - (c) No condensation.
- Note (2) The temperature of panel surface should be 0 °C Min. and 60 °C Max.
- Note (3) 11ms, half sine wave, 1 time for $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$.
- Note (4) 10 ~ 500 Hz, 0.5 Hr, 4 times each X, Y, Z.
- Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.
- Note (6) Operating or test must be done below the absolute maximum ratings. Over stress may cause panel permanent damage or performance degradation, even the over stress situation released.







2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Syllibol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	+6.0	V	(1)	
Logic Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3	4.3	V	(1)	

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Ullit	Note	
Lamp Voltage	V_L	-	2.5K	V_{RMS}	(1) , (2) , $I_L = 6.5 \text{ mA}$	
Lamp Current	ΙL	-	7.0	mA_{RMS}	(1) (2)	
Lamp Frequency	FL	-	80	KHz	(1), (2)	

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to 3.2 for further information).



3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

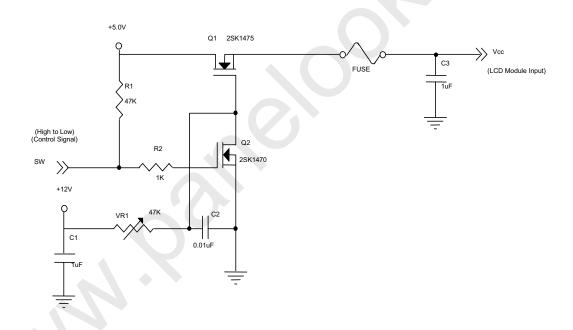
3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

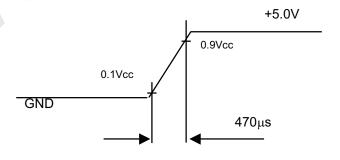
Parameter		Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Power Supply Voltage	Power Supply Voltage			5.0	5.5	V	-
Rush Current		I _{RUSH}	•	-	3.8	Α	(2)
	White		ı	1000	1200	mA	(3)a
	Black		-	540	800	mA	(3)b
Power Supply Current	Vertical Stripe	Icc	-	860	1050	mA	(3)c
	$f_V = 75Hz$, Vcc=4.5V		ı	-	1650	mA	
LVDS differential input voltage		Vid	-100	-	+100	mV	
LVDS common input voltage		Vic	-	1.2	-	V	
Logic "L" input voltage (SELLVDS)	Vil	Vss	-	0.8	V	

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:



Vcc rising time is 470μs

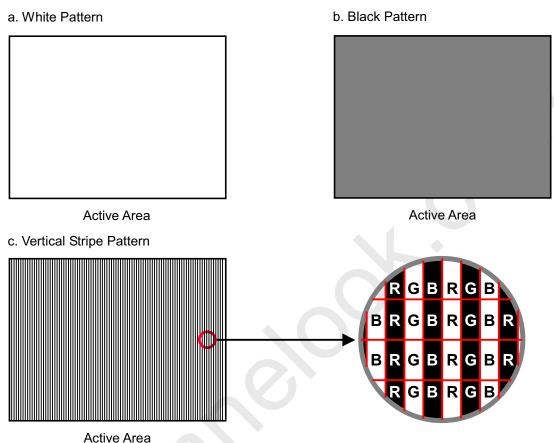




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Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 5.0 V, $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$, $f_v = 60 \, ^{\circ}$ Hz, Fc =54MHz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

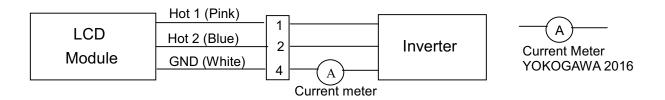


3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

57.63.23.63.13							
Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note	
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Ullit	Note	
Lamp Input Voltage	V_L	616	685	754	V_{RMS}	$I_{L} = 13 \text{ mA}$	
Lamp Current	l _L	4	13	14	mA_{RMS}	(1)	
Laws Time On Valtage	Vs	-	-	1310 (25 °C)	V_{RMS}	(2)	
Lamp Turn On Voltage		-	-	1600 (0 °C)	V_{RMS}	(2)	
Operating Frequency	F_L	40	50	80	KHz	(3)	
Lamp Life Time	L_BL	50,000	-	-	Hrs	(5)	
Power Consumption	P_L	-	17.81	-	W	(4) , $I_L = 13 \text{ mA}$	

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing high frequency current meters as shown below:



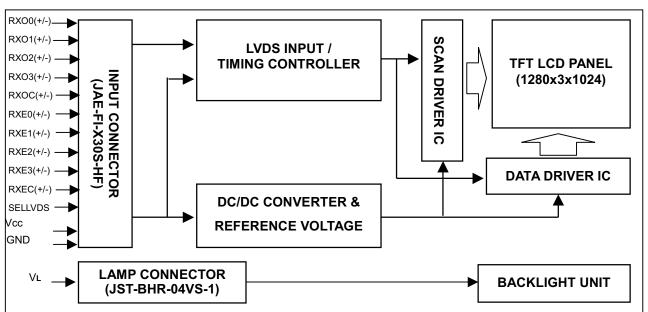


- Note (2) The voltage shown above should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.
- Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency from the display, and this may cause line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.
- Note (4) $P_L = I_L \times V_L x 2$ (Total Backlight Power Consumption)
- Note (5) The lifetime of lamp can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition Ta = 25 ± 2 °C and I_L = 2.0~6.5 mArms until one of the following events occurs:
 - (a) When the brightness becomes or lower than 50% of its original value.
 - (b) When the effective ignition length becomes or lower than 80% of its original value. (Effective ignition length is defined as an area that has less than 70% brightness compared to the brightness in the center point.)
- Note (6) The waveform of the voltage output of inverter must be area-symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. The performance of the Backlight, such as lifetime or brightness, is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. All the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed to avoid producing too much current leakage from high voltage output of the inverter. When designing or ordering the inverter please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the Backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. If the above situation is confirmed, the module should be operated in the same manners when it is installed in your instrument.

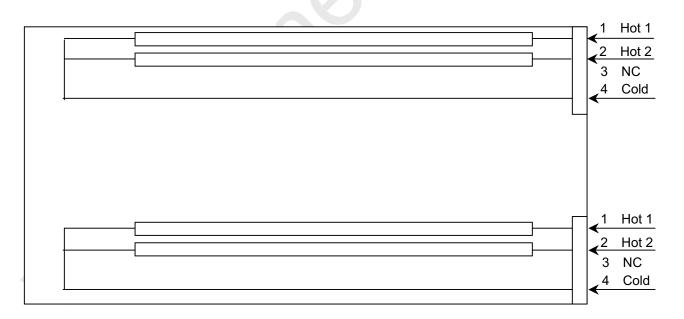


4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT





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5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Name	Description
1	RXO0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
2	RXO0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
3	RXO1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
4	RXO1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
5	RXO2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
6	RXO2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
7	GND	Ground
8	RXOC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
9	RXOC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
10	RXO3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O3(odd)
11	RXO3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O3 (odd)
12	RXE0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
13	RXE0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
14	GND	Ground
15	RXE1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
16	RXE1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
17	GND	Ground
18	RXE2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
19	RXE2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
20	RXEC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (even)
21	RXEC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (even)
22	RXE3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
23	RXE3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
24	GND	Ground
25	TEST	Test pin should be tied to ground.
26	NC	Not connection.
27	SELLVDS	SELLVDS pin should be tied to ground or open.
28	VCC	+5.0V power supply
29	VCC	+5.0V power supply
30	VCC	+5.0V power supply

Note (1) Connector Part No.: FI-X30S-HF (JAE) or equivalent.

Note (2) The first pixel is odd.

Note (3) Input signal of even and odd clock should be the same timing.







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SELLVDS = Low or Open								
LVDS Channel E0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
	Data order	EG0	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2	ER1	ER0
LVDS Channel E1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Channel E i	Data order	EB1	EB0	EG5	EG4	EG3	EG2	EG1
LVDS Channel E2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Channel E2	Data order	DE	NA	NA	EB5	EB4	EB3	EB2
LVDS Channel E3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
	Data order	NA	EB7	EB6	EG7	EG6	ER7	ER6
LVDS Channel O0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Channel 00	Data order	OG0	OR5	OR4	OR3	OR2	OR1	OR0
LVDS Channel O1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Channel O1	Data order	OB1	OB0	OG5	OG4	OG3	OG2	OG1
LVDS Channel O2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVDS Channel 02	Data order	DE	NA	NA	OB5	OB4	OB3	OB2
LVDS Channel O3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVD3 Channel O3	Data order	NA	OB7	OB6	OG7	OG6	OR7	OR6



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5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Pin	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	HV1	High Voltage	Pink
2	HV2	High Voltage	Blue
3	NC	No Connection	-
4	LV	Ground	White

Note (1) Connector Part No.: BHR-04VS-1 (JST) or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: SM04 (4.0) B-BHS-1-TB (JST) or equivalent

5.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

COIOI VE	ersus data iriput.																								
												Da	ata	Sigr	nal										
Color					Re									reer							Βlι	ле			
			R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	R7	R6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	R7	R6	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale	:	:	:	:				:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ciccii	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_ \	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

6. INTERFACE TIMING

6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

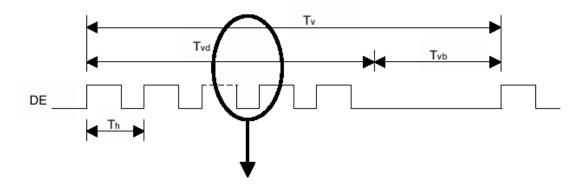
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

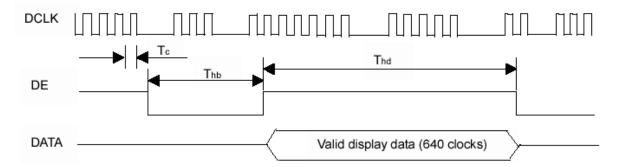
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	Fc	-	54	67.5	MHz	-
LVDS Clock	Period	Tc	14.8	18.5	-	ns	
LVD3 Clock	High Time	Tch	-	4/7	-	Tc	-
	Low Time	Tcl	-	3/7	-	Tc	-
LVDS Data	Setup Time	Tlvs	600	-	-	ps	-
LVD3 Data	Hold Time	Tlvh	600	-	-	ps	-
	Frame Rate	Fr	56	60	75	Hz	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
Vertical Active Display Term	Total	Tv	1034	1066	1274	Th	-
vertical Active Display Territ	Display	Tvd	1024	1024	1024	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	10	42	Tv-Tvd	Th	-
	Total	Th	784	844	960	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display	Thd	640	640	640	Tc	-
	Blank	Thb	144	204	Th-Thd	Tc	-

Note (1) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

Note (2) The relationship of Fc and Th must satisfy formula (Th-216)/Fc>9.3.

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM





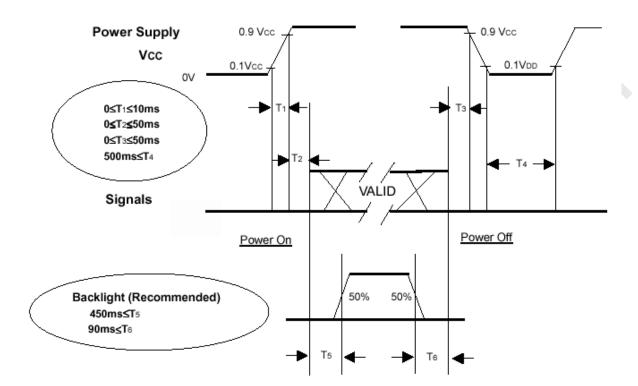


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6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Power ON/OFF Sequence

Note.

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power of and on period.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.



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7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit					
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	°C					
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH					
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	5.0	V					
Input Signal	According to typical v	According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"						
Inverter Current	Ι _L	6.5	mA					
Inverter Driving Frequency	FL	50	KHz					
Inverter Sumida P/N: H05-4785								

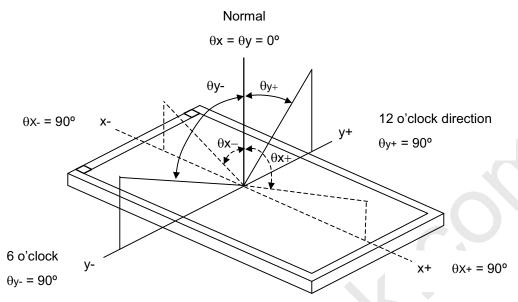
7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

Item	1	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Contrast Ratio		CR		400	500	-	-	(2), (6)	
Doonanaa Tima		T_R		-	15	20	ms	(2)	
Response Time		T_F		-	10	15	ms	(3)	
Center Luminano	ce of White	L_C		200	250	-	cd/m ²	(4), (6)	
White Variation		δW		-	1.18	1.25	-	(6), (7)	
Cross Talk		CT	0 -00 0 -00	1	-	5.0	%	(5), (6)	
	Red	Rx	θ_x =0°, θ_Y =0° Viewing Normal Angle	0.616	0.646	0.676	-		
	Neu	Ry	viewing Normal Angle	0.329	0.359	0.389	-	(1), (6)	
	Green	Gx		0.248	0.278	0.308			
Color	Green	Gy		0.582	0.612	0.642			
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx		0.115	0.145	0.175			
	blue	Ву		0.087	0.117	0.147			
	White	Wx		0.280	0.310	0.340			
	VVIIILE	Wy		0.300	0.330	0.360			
	Horizontal	θ_{x} +		80	85	-			
Viouring Anglo	Horizontal	θ_{x} -		80	85	-	Dog		
Viewing Angle	\	θ_{Y} +		80	85	-	Deg.		
	Vertical	θ_{Y} -		80	85	-			
	110000	θ _x + Inv		-	80	-			
Gray Scale	Horizontal	θ _x - Inv	No Gray Scale	-	80	-		(1), (6),	
Inversion Angle		θ _Y + Inv	Inversion	-	80	-	Deg.	(8)	
	Vertical	θ _Y - Inv		-	80	-		. ,	
TCO'99 Luminance Uniformity (Angular-dependent)			-	-	-	1.7		(9)	
TCO'99 Lumina (Angular-de		C _m	-	0.5	-	-	-	(10)	



Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx , θy):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

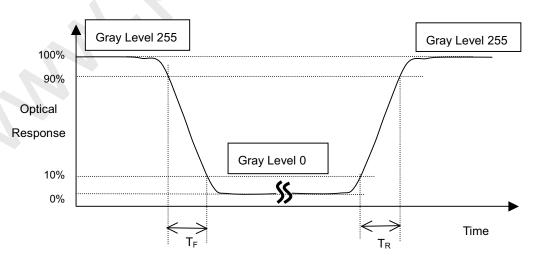
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (7).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T_R, T_F):



Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_C) :

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

$$L_C = L (5)$$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (7).

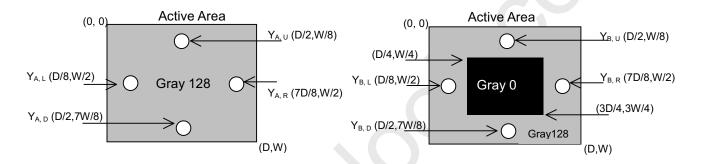
Note (5) Definition of Cross Talk (CT):

$$CT = | Y_B - Y_A | / Y_A \times 100 (\%)$$

Where:

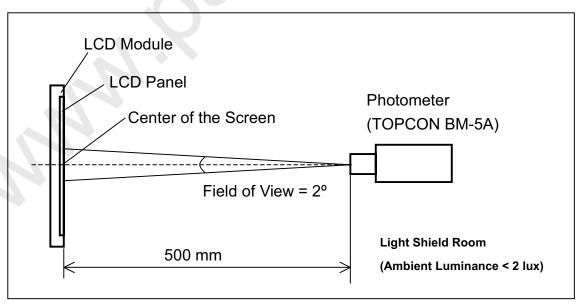
Y_A = Luminance of measured location without gray level 0 pattern (cd/m²)

Y_B = Luminance of measured location with gray level 0 pattern (cd/m²)



Note (6) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.

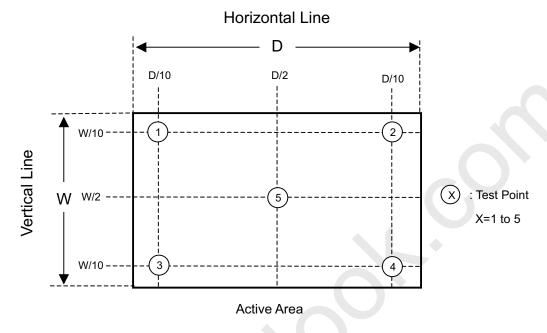




Note (7) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 5 points

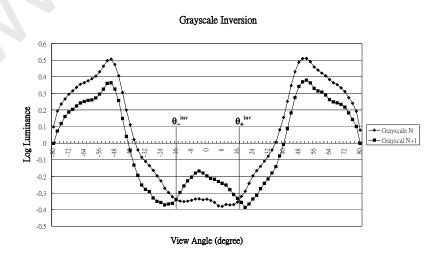
δW = Maximum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)] / Minimum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)]



Note (8) Grayscale Inversion Angle

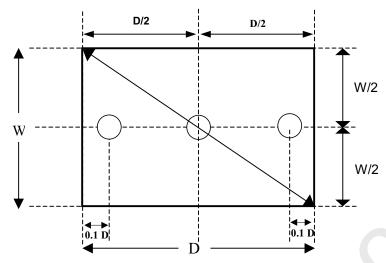
Measure the luminance of each of nine grayscale from black to white at screen center in vertical and horizontal view directions. The inversion angle $\theta(L_N=L_{N+1})$ corresponds to $L_N=L_{N+1}$ for each adjacent gray level pair. (N=0 to 8, correspond to grayscale = 0, 32, 64, 96, 128, 160, 192, 224, 255) The smallest angles of which an inversion occurs between any adjacent gray-level pair for each direction, up, down, left, and right, are defined as

$$\begin{split} &\theta_{x^{+}}^{inv} = Min \left[\; \theta_{x^{+}} (\; L_{N}, \, L_{N+1} \;) \; \right], \quad N = 0 {\sim} 8 \\ &\theta_{x^{-}}^{inv} = Min \left[\; \theta_{x^{-}} (\; L_{N}, \, L_{N+1} \;) \; \right], \quad N = 0 {\sim} 8 \\ &\theta_{y^{+}}^{inv} = Min \left[\; \theta_{y^{+}} (\; L_{N}, \, L_{N+1} \;) \; \right], \quad N = 0 {\sim} 8 \\ &\theta_{y^{-}}^{inv} = Min \left[\; \theta_{y^{-}} (\; L_{N}, \, L_{N+1} \;) \; \right], \quad N = 0 {\sim} 8 \end{split}$$





Note (9) Definition of TCO 99 Luminance Uniformity (Angular-dependent) (LR):

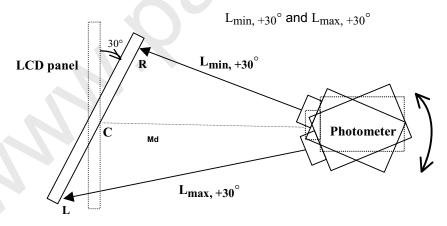


Luminance is measured at the center measurement position "C" on the LCD panel. The optical axis of the luminance meter shall be aligned with the normal of the panel surface. The measuring distance between the photometer and the surface of the panel is defined as:

Md (cm) = diagonal of the panel (cm) X 1.5 with minimum distance 50 cm.

The panel is rotated around a vertical axis which passes the center of the display by changing the azimuthal angle to +30°. The distance between the panel and the photometer remains unchanged and the measured point is exact the same as the previous measured point.

The photometer is then rotated by changing its azimuthal angle with the fixed distance to the panel. Luminance at points "L" and "R" are given:



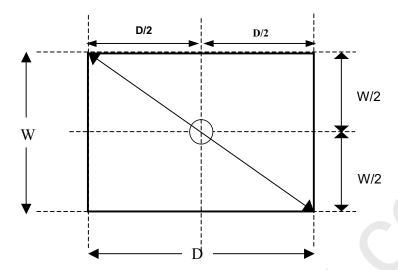
The LCD panel is then rotated to another azimuthal angle to -30°; and $L_{min, -30}$ ° and $L_{max, -30}$ ° are obtained by using the same procedure.

The Luminance Uniformity (LR) is calculated as follow:

LR =
$$((L_{max, +30}^{\circ}/L_{min, +30}^{\circ})+(L_{max, -30}^{\circ}/L_{min, -30}^{\circ}))/2$$
.

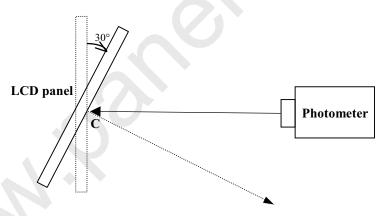


Note (10) Definition of TCO 99 Luminance Contrast (Angular-dependent) (Cm):



Luminance contrast is measured at the center point of the LCD panel "C" along with the normal of the display with the same distance described in Note 13. The display is then rotated around the vertical axis by changing its azimuthal axis to +30°; and this gives:

L255
$$_{GL., +30}^{\circ}$$
 and $_{GL., +30}^{\circ}$.



The LCD panel is then rotated to azimuthal angle to -30°; and $L_{0~G~L., -30}$ ° and $L_{63~GL., -30}$ ° are obtained by using the same procedure. The Luminance Contrast (Cm) is calculated:

$$Cm = (L_{255 \text{ G. L.}} - L_{0 \text{ G.L.}})/(L_{255 \text{ G. L.}} + L_{0 \text{ G.L.}})$$

For both +30° and -30°. The lower value for Cm is reported.



8. PACKAGING

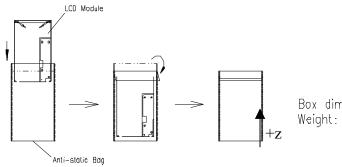
8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 5 LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 537(L) X 316(W) X 462(H) mm
- (3) Weight: approximately 12Kg (5 modules per box)

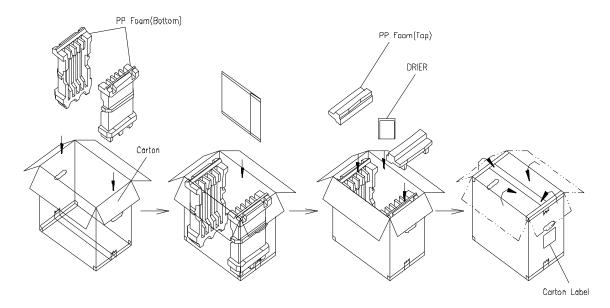
8.2 PACKING METHOD

(1) Carton Packing should have no failure in the following reliability test items.

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note
	ISTA STANDARD	
	Random, Frequency Range: 1 – 200 Hz	
Vibration	Top & Bottom: 30 minutes (+Z), 10 min (-Z),	Non Operation
	Right & Left: 10 minutes (X)	
	Back & Forth 10 minutes (Y)	
Dropping Test	1 Angle, 3 Edge, 6 Face, 60cm	Non Operation



Box dimensions: 537(L)x316(W)x462(H)mm Weight: Approx. 12Kg(5modules per 1 box)



ion 3.0



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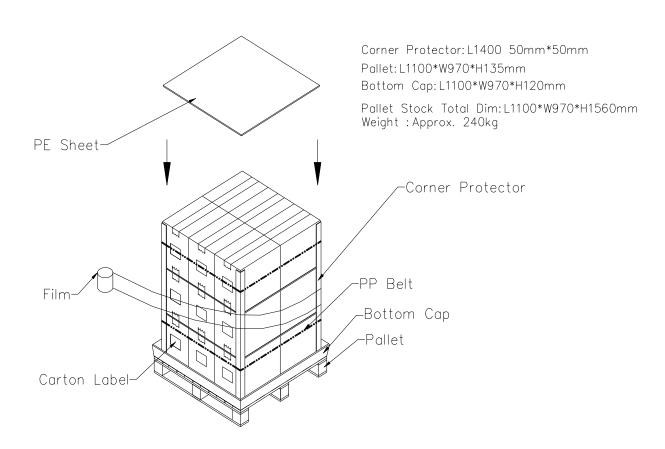


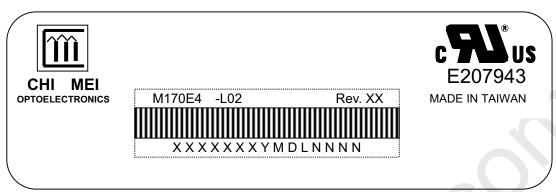
Figure. 8-2 Packing method



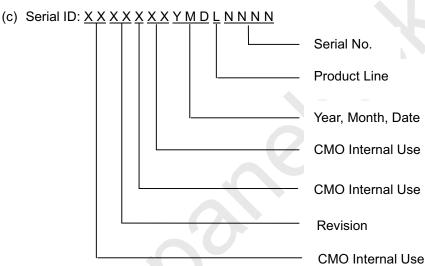
9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

9.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



- (a) Model Name: M170E4 -L02
- (b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.



Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2000~2009

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I and O

- (b) Revision Code: Cover all the change
- (c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product
- (d) Product Line: 1 -> Line1, 2 -> Line 2, ...etc.



10. PRECAUTIONS

10.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than room temperature.

10.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

